

Printing date 03.03.2025

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 1/13

Revision: 28.02.2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- 1.1 Product identifier
 - Product name: EM-Tec AG42 Conductive Silver Cement Other Means of Identification: 15-002141 & 15-002142
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
 - Application of the substance / the mixture Electrically conductive coating and EMI/RFI shield.
 - * Uses advised against Not Applicable
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
 - Manufacturer/Supplier:

Micro to Nano

- · Tappersweg 91
- · 2031 ET, Haarlem
- · The Netherlands
- Further information obtainable from: www.microtonano.com
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:
 National Emergency Telephone: 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Repr. 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(Contd. on page 2)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 2/13

(Contd. of page 1)

Revision: 28.02.2025

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms









GHS02

2 GHS07

GHS08

Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

toluene

acetone

isobutyl acetate

heptan-2-one

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use CO2, powder or water spray to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, and national

regulations.

Additional information:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3 Other hazards

P501

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· **PBT:** Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties Endocrine Disruptor substance 0.1% = none

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

(Contd. on page 3)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Printing date 03.03.2025

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 3/13

(Contd. of page 2)

Revision: 28.02.2025

	,	.a. o. pago <u>-</u>
Dangerous components:		
CAS: 7440-22-4	Silver (Powder)	62.0%
EINECS: 231-131-3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	
CAS: 108-88-3	toluene	10.0%
EINECS: 203-625-9 Index number: 601-021-00-3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Repr. 2, H361d; STOT RE 2, H373; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336	
CAS: 67-64-1	acetone	6.0%
EINECS: 200-662-2 Index number: 606-001-00-8	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	
CAS: 64-17-5	ethanol	3.0%
EINECS: 200-578-6 Index number: 603-002-00-5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
CAS: 110-19-0	isobutyl acetate	3.0%
EINECS: 203-745-1 Index number: 607-026-00-7	Flam. Liq. 2, H225, EUH066	
CAS: 110-43-0	heptan-2-one	3.0%
EINECS: 203-767-1 Index number: 606-024-00-3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	
CAS: 141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1.0%
EINECS: 205-500-4 Index number: 607-022-00-5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

After inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If feeling unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

After skin contact:

Wash with plenty water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

After eye contact:

Rinse cautiously with water for 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

After swallowing:

A person vomiting while laying on their back should be turned onto their side.

Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11 for additional information.

(Contd. on page 4)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 4/13

(Contd. of page 3)

Revision: 28.02.2025

• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
 - Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The flu-like symptoms of metal fever may be delayed, occurring 4 to 12 hours after exposure.

Prevent fire-fighting wash from entering waterway or sewer system.

Inhalation of metal fumes may cause metal fever and irritate the respiratory tract.

· Hazardous combustion products:

Carbon Oxides (COx)

toxic metal fumes

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
 - Protective equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn-out gear.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Remove or keep away all sources of extreme heat or open flames.

Do not breathe mist, spray or vapors.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid release to the environment.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Collect liquid in a sealable, chemical-resistant container.

Wash residue with a paper towel and place dirty towels in container.

Use soap and water to remove the last traces of residue.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Collect spillage.

(Contd. on page 5)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 5/13

(Contd. of page 4)

Revision: 28.02.2025

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

• 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage:
 - · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Store locked up.

7.3 Specific end use(s) See section 1.2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

· Ingre	edients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
108-88-3	3 toluene
	nort-term value: 384 mg/m³, 100 ppm ng-term value: 191 mg/m³, 50 ppm
67-64-1 a	acetone
	nort-term value: 3620 mg/m³, 1500 ppm ng-term value: 1210 mg/m³, 500 ppm
64-17-5 e	ethanol
WEL Loi	ng-term value: 1920 mg/m³, 1000 ppm
110-19-0) isobutyl acetate
	nort-term value: 903 mg/m³, 187 ppm ng-term value: 724 mg/m³, 150 ppm
110-43-0	heptan-2-one
	nort-term value: 475 mg/m³, 100 ppm ong-term value: 237 mg/m³, 50 ppm
141-78-6	6 ethyl acetate
Loi	nort-term value: 1468 mg/m³, 400 ppm ong-term value: 734 mg/m³, 200 ppm

Additional information:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

Refer to the national or regional occupational exposure limit regulation for abbreviations and acronyms.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see section 7.

(Contd. on page 6)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 6/13

(Contd. of page 5)

Revision: 28.02.2025

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection:

Advice should be sought from respiratory protection specialists.

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

If the product is heated or worker has a known allergic reaction, consider using a full mask with organic vapor cartridge or with an independent air supply.

Hand protection



Protective gloves: EN374

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye/face protection



Safety glasses or tightly sealed goggles: EN 166

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· Physical state

Liquid

· Form:

Low viscosity

· Colour:

Silver Grey

· Odour:

Sweetish

· Odour threshold:

Not available

· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range Flammability 56 °C

· Lower and upper explosion limit

Highly flammable.

· Lower:

1.8 Vol %

· Upper:

13 Vol %

· Flash point:

-17 °C (67-64-1 acetone)

(Contd. on page 7)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 7/13

(Contd. of page 6)

Revision: 28.02.2025

· Auto-ignition temperature:

Solubility

· water:

· Vapour pressure at 20 °C:

· Vapour pressure at 50 °C: Relative density at 25 °C: · Vapour density (air=1):

Particle characteristics

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical

hazard classes

· Flammable liquids 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

· Evaporation rate

· Ignition temperature:

Explosive properties:

· Solvent content: · Organic solvents:

VOC (EC)

363 °C

Not miscible or difficult to mix.

29 hPa (108-88-3 toluene)

124 hPa

2.1

Not available Not applicable.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Not available

Product is not selfigniting.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of

explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

26.00 %

26.00 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- 10.2 Chemical stability Chemically stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
 - Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid open flames, excessive heat, sparks, ignition sources, and incompatible substances.

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Strong bases Strong oxidizing agents Phosphorous oxychloride

Strong acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

No dangerous decomposition products known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(Contd. on page 8)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 8/13

(Contd. of page 7)

Revision: 28.02.2025

		(Contact of page 1)	
	· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:		
ATE (Acu	ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)		
Oral	LD50	55,667 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	>557 mg/kg (rabbit)	
7440-22-4	7440-22-4 Silver (Powder)		
Oral	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)	
108-88-3 t	oluene		
Oral	LD50	5,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	12,124 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	5,320 mg/L (mouse)	
67-64-1 ad	etone		
Oral	LD50	5,800 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	>7,426 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/3 h	132 mg/L (rat)	
64-17-5 et	hanol		
Oral	LD50	7,060 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	20,000 mg/L (rat)	
110-19-0 i	sobutyl ac	etate	
Oral	LD50	13,400 mg/kg (rat)	
110-43-0 h	110-43-0 heptan-2-one		
Oral	LD50	1,670 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	12,600 μL/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative		>16.7 mg/kg (rabbit)	
141-78-6 e	thyl aceta	te	
Oral	LD50	5,620 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	1,600 mg/L (rat)	
D.::	many irrita		

- Primary irritant effect:
 - · Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.
 - · Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- * Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- * Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- * STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- * STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Summary of Effects and Symptoms by Routes of Exposure
 - Eyes:

redness, serious irritation

tearing of the eyes

- · Skin:
- dry skin

redness, irritation

· Inhalation:

dizziness or drowsiness

cough

(Contd. on page 9)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 9/13

(Contd. of page 8)

Revision: 28.02.2025

headache

nausea

Extreme exposure may cause unconsciousness.

Swallowed:

nausea

sore throat

diarrhea

Additional toxicological information:

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Prolonged or repeated exposure may defat skin and cause skin dryness and cracking, and local redness and discomfort.

Exposure to silver powder may also cause argyria, an irreversible blue-grey discoloration of the skin. Chronic inhalation exposure may affect the central nervous system and lead to hearing loss with coexposure to loud noises.

· 11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effect.

Avoid release to the environment.

Collect spillage.

67-64-1 ace	67-64-1 acetone		
EC50/ 48 h	13,500 mg/L (daphnia)		
LC50 96h	5,540 mg/L (trout)		
64-17-5 eth	anol		
	>1,000 mg/L (fish) Biodegradable		
110-43-0 he	ptan-2-one		
EC50/ 48 h	>100 mg/L (daphnia)		
LC50 96h	131 mg/L (minnow)		

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
 - PBT: Not applicable.
 - vPvB: Not applicable.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

(Contd. on page 10)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 10/13

(Contd. of page 9)

Revision: 28.02.2025

12.7 Other adverse effects

- Additional ecological information:
 - General notes:

Water hazard class 3 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities. Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
 - Recommendation This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

· Eu	European waste catalogue	
HP3	Flammable	
HP4	Irritant - skin irritation and eye damage	
HP5	Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity	
HP10	Toxic for reproduction	
HP14	Ecotoxic	

Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation:

Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.

Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Where possible retain label warnings and SDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR, IMDG IATA	PAINT Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	
· Class	3 Flammable liquids.
· Label	3
14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	II
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: Silver (Powder)

(Contd. on page 11)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 11/13

(Contd. of page 10)

Revision: 28.02.2025

Marine pollutant:

MARINE POLLUTANT

Special marking (ADR): Special marking (IATA): **ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS**

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

· Hazard identification number (Kemler code): · EMS Number:

F-E,S-E

Stowage Category

В

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to

IMO instruments

Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:



Limited Quantity

15-002141 & 15-002142

· ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ)

5L

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Code: E2

Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30

Maximum net quantity per outer packaging:

500 ml

· Transport category

2

· Tunnel restriction code

D/E

· IMDG

· Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) 5L

Code: E2

Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30

Maximum net quantity per outer packaging:

500 ml

UN "Model Regulation":

UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poisons Act

Regulated explosives precursors (Part 1)

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulated poisons (Part 2)

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable explosives precursors (Part 3)

67-64-1 acetone

Listed

(Contd. on page 12)



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 12/13

(Contd. of page 11)

Revision: 28.02.2025

· Reportable poisons (Part 4)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- Directive 2012/18/EU
 - Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
 - Seveso category

E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 100 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t
- REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 48

	SERVICE COLUMN 1307/2000 ANNEX XVIII CONGILIONS OF TESTICLION. 3, 40	
	CTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in rical and electronic equipment – Annex II	
None of the	ne ingredients is listed.	
	nex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of ensing under Article 5(3))	
None of the	ne ingredients is listed.	
· An	nex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS	
67-64-1 a	acetone	
·Re	gulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors	
108-88-3	toluene	3
67-64-1	acetone	3
	egulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the monitoring and third countries in drug precursors	
108-88-3	toluene	3

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

67-64-1 acetone

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

(Contd. on page 13)

3



(Conforms to Regulation (EU) No 2015/830)

Version number 2.00 (replaces version 1.00)

Page 13/13

(Contd. of page 12)

Revision: 28.02.2025

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Flammable liquids	On basis of test data	
Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Hazardous to the aquatic environment - short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.	

Department issuing SDS: Regulatory department

* Contact: info@microtonano.com

Version number of previous version: 1.00

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 1